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FULBRIGHT PANEI SETS I.T.T. INQUIRY

Investigation to Open Wider Study of Corporate Roles in U.S. Foreign Policy

By JOHN W. FINNEY Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, March 24 -The Senate Foreign Relations Committee decided today to conduct a major inquiry into the influence of multinational corporations on United States

foreign policy. It decided to start with an investigation of assertions that the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation sought to enlist the cooperation of the United States Government in preventing Dr. Salvador Allende Gossens from taking office as President of Chile in 1970 and then proposed policies designed to bring about the Marxist leader's downfall.

To Go Beyond I.T.T. Case

As as first step, the committee voted to obtain-by subpoena if necessary-all I.T.T. internal documents concerning Chile between Sept. 4, 1970, when Dr. Allende was elected, and Nov. 3 of that year, when he took office.

To a certain extent, the Senate committee's inquiry was precipitated by the reports of I.T.T.'s attempts to influence the politics of Chile, where it has extensive holdings.

But as outlined by Senators J. W. Fulbright of Arkansas, the committee chairman, and Frank Church of Idaho, who proposed the inquiry, it will go far beyond that particular case to a broad examination of the role of multinational corporations, their influence on foreign policy and their economic impact.

The rise of such corporations - mostly American concerns with extensive operations overseas - has accelerated greatly since World War II. A sizable proportion of the profits of many large American companies now comes from their foreign affiliates.

The reports on I.T.T. and Dr. Allende appeared this week in

Continued From Page 1, Col. 5 two articles by Jack Anderson, the syndicated columnist. They were based on what he said were letters and memorandums from the company's files.

He made copies available to news media on Wednesday, enator Fulbright said the committee had already obtained copies through newsmen.

An I.T.T. spokesman said that until a formal request was received from the Senate com-mittee for all company docu-ments concerning Chile during the two-month 1970 period, it would have no comment on whether they would be furnished.

No Comment on Authenticity

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LT.T. has denied that it sought to interfere in Chile's politics but has declined comment on the authenticity of the Anderson documents.

The State Department said yesterday that the Nixon Administration had rejected any ideas of blocking the inauguration of Dr. Allende in 1970 or of subsequently ousting him. At the same time, the department refused to deny specifically an assertion in one of the purtorted LT.T. documents that the United States Ambassador in Santiago, Edward M. Korry had received a "green light" from Washington to do everything possible short of military intervention "to keep Allende from taking power."

Senator Church's proposal that a major inquiry be held was accepted without objection by the rest of the committee, including the Republican members. His motion was that the committee "undertake an indepth study of the role of multinational corporations and their relationship to the foreign policy of the United States."

Board Inquiry Promised

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Senator Inquiry Promised

Senator Hugh Scott, the Senator Republican leader, said he had "no misgivings" about the inquiry "so long as it is conducted on a constructive basis and on a bipartisan basis." Senator Jacob K. Javits, Republican of New York, described the study as "a very constructive development."

The expectation according to

The expectation, according to Senator Fulbright, is that the committee's study will extend over one to two years. One of the immediate problems confronting the committee, Senator Fulbright acknowledged, is as-

runing a staff to carry out the study.

Senator Church's,
envisioned that the stage of the nultinational corporations, inluding the nature and extent



Senator J. W. Fulbright discussing Chile study.

of United States tax incentives and guarantees on foreign investments.

While the original emphasis in the committee's study may be upon the political influence of the corporations, both within the United States and abroad, it was apparent from comments by Senators Fulbright and Church that the committee also planned to explore the economic impact of the corporations upon foreign countries are well as a proper domestic that the committee also planned to explore the economic impact of the corporations upon foreign countries are well as a proper domestic and the corporations upon foreign countries are such as a proper domestic and the corporations upon foreign countries are such as a proper domestic and the corporations are such as a proper domestic and the corporations are such as a proper domestic and a property of the corporations are such as a property of the corporation are such as a property o tries as well as upon domes-tic concerns.

In effect, Senator Fulbright observed, the committee will be examining the validity of the commonly held assumption of commonly held assumption of recent years that foreign investments by American concerns were "a good thing, not only for the United States but for other countries"

For other countries."

Both Senator Fulbright and Senator Church emphasized that the investigation of I.T.T.'s that the investigation of I.T.T.'s activities in Chile was unrelated to the current inquiry by the Senate Judiciary Committee on the relationship between I.T.T.'s pledge of financial support for the Republican National Convention this summer in San Pieza and the Justice

of their investment abroad, the in San Diego and the Justice extent to which their invest-Department's decision to drop ments are in the interest of the an antitrust case against the United States, and the effect conglomerate.

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Hill to Probe Industry On Foreign Activities

By Murrey Marder Washington Post Staff Writer

The Senate Foreign Reladay to launch a long-range investigation into the impact of giant multi-national companies on U.S. foreign policy, starting with the activities of International Telephone and Telegraph Corp. in Chile.

This will be an "in-depth" inquiry in unexplored territory, said Chairman J. William Fulbright (D-Ark.). A prime objective, said Sen. Frank Church (D-Idaho), will be to examine "the extent to which the (American) corporate inrests in a given country might conflict with the national interests the United States."

For a start, the committee requested ITT to submit all documents concerning its operations in Chile between Sept. 1 and Nov. 1, 1970. If the docube subpoenaed.

These dates include the election with a plurality of Marxist Salvador Allende as president of Chile and confirmation of his election by the Chilean congress.

Documents made public by columnist Jack Anderson alege that ITT, the Central Intelligence Agency and the State Department worked to try to prevent Allende from taking

On Thursday, the Nixon administration said it "rejected"

any "ideas" of "thwarting" Chile's election process. ITT earlier denied any improprie-

There was some initial surprise on Capitol Hill yesterday when Fulbright announced, after a closed meeting, that no opposition to the broad new investigation was raised by the 10 senators present, including Senate Republican Leader Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania. Some Republicans earlier had indirated some misgivings about such an inquiry by the Democratic controlled that it would take the rest of committee in a presidential this year to get very far along election year.

What produced the accord, tions Committee agreed yeter- it was learned, were two "understandings" that accompanied what Fulbright called the "unanimous" decision approve motions offered by Church to launch the inquiry:

> Committee members agreed that there would be no hearings on ITT and Chile until after the Senate Judiciary Committee disposes of its nomination hearings for Richard G. Kleindienst to be Attorney General. These hearings now center on charges that the settlement of U.S. antitrust cases against ITT was connected with an ITT pledge of at least \$200,000 for the Republican national conven-

Secondly, no public hearings on the long-range inquiry on other multi-national conglomerate companies would be ments are not produced volun- held before the presidential tarily, said Fulbright, they will election in November. This is intended to assure that no one regions. would be hit by the unpredictable political fallout from an open-ended investigation during the campaign.

Fulbright and Church indirectly alluded to these points subject." in their remarks to newsmen.

"This has nothing whatever to do with the Kleindienst matter," said Fulbright. Church issued a similar disclaimer.

While the allegations concerning ITT in Chile "precipitated the timing" of the new inquiry, Fulbright said, the subject of multi-national companies has been discussed by committee members for a year or more.

It will be necessary to do considerable groundwork, and to assemble a special staff, he said, to prepare for the approved "in-depth study of the role of multi-national corporations and their relationship to

"I would certainly think

Scott told reporters that assurances were expressed in the committee meeting that the inquiry would examine "the benefits" of multi-national corporations, including their aid to American balance of payments. "Oh yes," interjected Fulbright, "the good and the bad."

Scott said therefore he "expressed no misgivings" as long as the inquiry is "conducted on a constructive basis with bipartisanship."

Fulbright said it has been a basic assumption in American policy that it is "a good thing for the United States to encourage all manner of private investment" abroad, with guarantees, tax incentives, and other advantages. "I would say the purpose of this study is to examine the validity of these assumptions," Fulbright said.

"that growth, per se, is good."
The inquiry, he said, probably will extend to such disputes as the clash between International Petroleum Corp. and Peru over expropriation of IPC property in 1968; the role of U.S. oil firms in the Middle East and elsewhere, and the role of American conglomerates with subsidiaries in Western Europe and other

Church, a prime mover in the committee's decision, said, "we expect to call corporate witnesses and anyone who can testify informatively on the

Said Sen. Jacob K. Javits (R-N.Y.), "It will be a very thorough and intelligent job."

Privately, however, many members of the committee are known to have expressed doubts whether the group will

devote the time and energy required for an inquiry so broad in scope as the one now projected. The committee is noted for absenteeism, which has intensified in an election year in which many of its members are active.

The committee could also encounter jurisdictional challenges in the field of economics into which it is venturing. Fulbright said the group may require a special counsel to the foreign policy of the plan the highly complex in-United States."

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